

HANKS GENEALOGY

DRAWER 1A RAPPAHANNOCK COLONY

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# Hanks Family

## Virginia Genealogy

Excerpts from newspapers and other  
sources

From the files of the  
Lincoln Financial Foundation Collection

## LINCOLN'S MOTHER.

### The Family Pedigree of the Hankses and Their Early Deeds.

A friend requests me to give for publication, if I can do so, a sketch of the family of Nancy Hanks, the mother of Abraham Lincoln. She tells me she has read every history of Abraham Lincoln and considers it very strange that nothing has ever been written by the historians of the president's mother, except that her name was Nancy Hanks.

1812  
The historians never made any effort to trace the pedigree of the family. Raymond, in his "Life and State Papers of Abraham Lincoln," declares nothing is known concerning her ancestry or early life. He merely mentions that she was a Virginian by birth. The name Hanks is rare in America, yet we have a straighter line on the pedigree of the Hankses than we have of the Lincolns. Beyond the grandfather of Abe Lincoln, we know absolutely nothing of the family pedigree.

The earliest account we have of the Hankses is their first appearance in Gloucester county, Va., in 1673. In deed book No. 6, land grants, page 472, 1673, is recorded the grant of 264 acres to Thomas Hanks. And on page 476, same year, 1673, is recorded a patent to Thomas Hanks for 500 acres. In the early colonial history of Virginia a person who paid for the passage of a person who came to settle in Virginia was entitled to a land grant of several hundred acres. This was why he was given a grant of land. The patent of 500 acres which is recorded was land paid for in cash or tobacco, which was the circulating medium in Virginia. In course of time the family increased and emigrated westward. We next hear of them in Orange county, 140 miles west of Gloucester. Among the marriages recorded in Orange courthouse on March 26, 1803, is Rodney Hanks, son of Reuben and Elizabeth Hanks, to Alice Chandler. But they didn't stop at Orange courthouse. We find a family of them in Rockingham county, Va., in 1790, and another in Shenandoah county. In 1780 Abraham Lincoln, grandfather of President Lincoln, removed to Kentucky from Rockingham county, Va., and we are certain that the Hanks family was with the Lincolns during that journey. The next account we have of the Hankses is in 1806. In that year, in Kentucky, Thomas Lincoln, father of the president, married Nancy Hanks.

The next account of the Hankses was at the battle of Tippecanoe, in Indiana, Nov. 7, 1811. We find the names of Peter and James Hanks. Peter was killed. He was a member of Captain Berry's company of militia from Kentucky. James belonged to a company of mounted riflemen and was from Kentucky. They may have been brothers, and if so I am certain they were the brothers of Nancy Hanks. In six years after the battle of Tippecanoe Thomas Lincoln removed from Kentucky to Indiana.—Des Moines Register.

J. WRIGHT



# LINCOLN LORE

No. 64

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA

June 30, 1930

## LINCOLN LORE

BULLETIN OF  
THE LINCOLN  
HISTORICAL  
RESEARCH  
FOUNDATION



ENDOWED BY  
THE LINCOLN  
NATIONAL LIFE  
INSURANCE  
COMPANY

Dr. Louis A. Warren - - - Editor

### VIRGINIA ORIGIN OF JOSEPH HANKS, SR.

The last contribution appearing in Lincoln Lore, which discussed the history of the Hanks family, was confined to the descendants of the pioneer Joseph Hanks after they reached Kentucky. It was from this family that Nancy Hanks is supposed to have come.

It is the purpose of this monograph to present some of the testimonies of the descendants of the family, and others, bearing on the residence of the pioneer Joseph Hanks before settling in Kentucky. Some of the excerpts exhibited are from letters written to Mrs. Caroline Hanks Hitchcock of Cambridge, Massachusetts, and now in possession of the editor of Lincoln Lore. Some excerpts from duly authorized public records are used also.

Joseph Hanks, Sr. died in 1793 and named as beneficiaries in his will his widow and eight children. The youngest son, Joseph, was but twelve years old at the time of his father's death.

We learn from a deposition of Daniel Vittertow, filed in a chancery suit as early as 1819, in the Nelson County, Kentucky, Court, that Joseph Hanks, Jr., the youngest son of Joseph Hanks, Sr., returned to Virginia shortly after his father's death. The question put to the plaintiff was as follows: "Did Joseph Hanks, Jr., go to Virginia soon after the death of his father?" The deponent replied, "He did."

The fact that the younger Joseph was but twelve years of age at the time he went to Virginia would imply that someone went with him. The family tradition has it that the widow returned to the old home and this record seems to support that assumption. Evidently, at least one of the older sons had remained in Virginia when the family moved to Kentucky.

Joseph Hanks, Jr. himself made an affidavit in 1817 that reveals he was back in Kentucky again by the year 1799, which is in harmony with a reminiscence of his granddaughter, Mrs. Wilson:

Cannon City, Colorado  
Feb. 25, 1895

Mrs. C. H. Hitchcock:

"My grandfather, Joseph Hanks, Jr. was the youngest or near the youngest of the family, was left an orphan at an early age and went to live with an older brother in Virginia, was mistreated by his brothers wife and ran away from Virginia to Kentucky."

Mrs. M. A. Wilson.

Another grandson of the same Joseph Hanks, Jr. also suggests that the old place in Virginia had been kept intact and held by the elder brother whom she names. The excerpt carrying this information follows:

Florence, Colorado,  
January 26, 1895.

Mrs. C. H. Hitchcock:

"Grandfather (Joseph Hanks, Jr.) told me that an estate of 660 acres was rightfully his having been unlawfully held by his elder brother, who I think was named Joshua."

J. M. Hanks.

It is interesting to note that the name "Joshua" mentioned in J. M. Hanks correspondence is similar to that of the oldest son mentioned in the will of Joseph Hanks, Sr.

This leads us to inquire about the Virginia site of the original Hanks farm. As an authority for the general location of it we have the testimony of Dennis Hanks, a grandson of Joseph Hanks, Sr. Dennis conveyed this information to William Herndon and Mr. Weik forwarded the quotation to Mrs. Hitchcock:

Greencastle, Ind.  
Dec. 10, 1894

Mrs. C. H. Hitchcock:

"Dennis Hanks said that the Hanks's came to Kentucky from the 'Roanoke River Country in Virginia' but he never knew the county. He thought it was Halifax County but was never certain."

Jesse W. Weik.

A Virginia branch of the Hanks family has conserved much valuable historical data. They have evidence which contributes to our knowledge of the original home of the Joseph Hanks group.

Pipers Gap, Va.  
Dec. 11, 1895.

Mrs. C. H. Hitchcock:

"My grandfather, Joshua Hanks, Sr., was born in Amelia County, Virginia, in the year 1760 . . . I believe that Joseph Hanks who moved to Nelson County, Kentucky, was a brother

or uncle of Joshua, Sr. Joshua Hanks, Sr., had one or two brothers who moved to Kentucky.

C. L. Hanks.

The testimony of Dennis Hanks in Kentucky and J. M. Hanks in Virginia seem to be in agreement as to the general location of the home and will make it much easier to trace the site or sites occupied by the family.

Another question which confronts us when we reach back into Virginia is the personnel of the group with whom Nancy Hanks migrated to the Kentucky country. Two of the earlier Lincoln biographers, Barrett and Whitney, seem to have gathered some first-hand information on this subject. Mr. Whitney wrote a long letter to Mrs. Hitchcock about the early history of the family. A brief extract follows:

Mrs. C. H. Hitchcock:

"Nancy Hanks Lincoln's father died in Virginia and his widow and daughter came to Kentucky where the widow married Henry Sparrow for her second husband."

H. C. Whitney  
Jan. 17, 1895

It is of importance to put alongside of this opinion a reminiscence of J. H. Barrett who had a personal interview with Lincoln about his family history:

Loveland, Ohio  
September 14, 1895

Mrs. C. H. Hitchcock:

Mr. Lincoln stated to me in 1861 that his mother was born in Virginia, that she came to Kentucky with some of her relations and not with her parents, but gave me no other clue.

J. H. Barrett.

These testimonies are not in serious conflict with the traditions of the descendants of Richard Berry, guardian of Nancy Hanks, who claim that Nancy and her widowed mother Lucy did not come to Kentucky with the family of Joseph Hanks but with a group of her mother Lucy's people.

The findings here also agree with the testimony of Abraham Lincoln relative to the location of the Hanks family at the time his mother was born. In the autobiography prepared for Scripps he said: "My parents were both born in Virginia."

The next task in this series of studies on the Hanks Family will be confined to the Virginia history of the maternal ancestors of Abraham Lincoln.



171 S. Main Avenue  
Albany 3, N. Y.

November 1, 1949

Dear Dr Warren. Your list # 202 of duplicate pamphlets was received just a couple of hours ago. We want any or all of the items marked on the list, and please return the list with the pamphlets available.

We have just returned from two weeks in the Northern Neck of Virginia. It was to get the feel of the country and to see the land Thomas Hawks owned or rented. I think Dr Barton was very unfair in his judgement of the early Hawks family in the first three generations. Thomas Hawks died owning close to 1000 acres of land.

In the next generation, William Hawks owned good land, but I am convinced he did not marry Sarah Woodbridge. I ran into a perfect Virginia gentleman, Mr Carter Delano who did the work for Dr Barton.

He almost embraced me when I told him I did not think William's wife was Sarah Woodbridge. He said he only told Dr Barton at night he was Sarah Woodbridge and was surprised when Dr Barton published it as a fact. Also, I do not believe Thomas Hawks was ever an indentured servant. He was an artisan, chiefly interested in timber land. I have not found the link between the first and second generations but I think I can prove he lived on the Northern Neck and that there is some real connection between him & the next generation. You may be interested to

know that each time I come to a conclusion, I ask myself — whether I can satisfy Dr Warren with my proofs.

I still hope to come and look at the Hawks genealogy. I'll have to do it in this next generation of William & Sarah Hawks or certainly by the time I get to their children. I am not really interested in genealogy as such, — only in finding certain links in the chain. I have quite a lot that is new to the Hawks story.

With best wishes from Mr Horner & myself

Sincerely

Henrietta Horner

[MRS H. H. HORNER]



11/4/49

November 4, 1949

Mrs. H. H. Horner  
171 South Main Avenue  
Albany, 3, New York

My dear Mrs. Horner:

I was very happy indeed to hear from you again and to learn that you have been down in Virginia doing some work on the Hanks family. We do trust that some day you may be able to come here to Fort Wayne and spend some time in our records.

I am not surprised that you found some inaccuracy in Dr. Barton's conclusions as I think he was too apt to let his wishes be father of the deed.

We regret that so many of the items on our list were gone as one man in New York ~~lost~~ <sup>lost</sup> everything we had found so only where we had duplicates were we able to *supply this*

Very truly yours,

LAW/DPB  
L. A. Warren

Director



# Notes on the Hanks Family of Virginia?

Luke Hanks from Derby county England patented 500 acres of land in Chester (now Delaware) county, Pennsylvania. He died before 1737, and was survived by a son named John. (The name does not end with the letter S) Joseph Hanks, the son of John and Sarah Hanks was born in Pennsylvania 1725. He witnessed the will of John Edwards, in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania in April, 1749. (The name end with the letter E.) Joseph Hanks was the brother of John, Hannah, Jane, Elizabeth, William, and Samuel Hanks, all of whom were older.

A William Hanks is said to have settled near the mouth of the Rappahannock river about the middle of the eighteenth century. He is said to have had several sons, namely: John, James, Joseph, Abraham and Richard. In the year 1783, John, George and Turner Hanks, all at the head of families, were living in Richmond county near the mouth of the Rappahannock river. In or about the year 1775, Abram Hanks started with a party from the Rappahannock country for Kentucky. According to a kind of diary kept by one of the party Abram Hanks turned back after going some distance over the mountains. In 1832 Abram Hanks was living in Lincoln county, Tenn. and drawing a pension for service in the Revolutionary war as a Virginian soldier.

Panypine, Frederick, and Hampshire counties were settled largely by people who came or whose ancestors came from Richmond and other counties near the mouth of the Rappahannock. All three counties had in last half the eighteenth century residents by the name of Hanks. In Panypine county is a Primitive Baptist <sup>Church</sup> organized in 1762 and called Broad Run. In 1778 a Nancy Hanks became a member of that church; and in 1779, Luke Hanks became a member of it. The pair moved away from the neighborhood in 1785. Living quite near the church at about that time were William, George, and Henry Berry, all heads of families and landowners.

In Frederick county lived in 1755, John Hanks, a member of the county militia. In the same county lived Peter Hanks in 1796. The records of this county mention persons by the names of Friend, Swallow, and Berry.

In Hampshire county (now in W. Va.) which adjoins Frederick on the west, lived in 1782, Joseph Hanks, at the head of a family of eleven persons. In this county in 1782 lived Richard Slipley at the head of a family. In Hampshire at that time were five families by the name of Berry and eight families by the name of Hornback.

According to a state census taken in 1784, Joseph Hanks does not seem to have been a resident of Hampshire then. Part of the county had in the meantime been organized into Hardy county and it may have been that he lived in the new county when the census was taken of Hampshire, or he may have removed farther west.



The state census covered part of the state of Virginia. Nearly half of the counties were covered by it. The returns from Amelia county do not show that any person by the name of Hanks lived in Amelia county, in 1782. It does show there were several families by the name of Hawks living in that county. A list of names of men who served in the Revolutionary war as members of Amelia county militia does not include anyone by the name of Hanks, but it does include several men by the name of Hawks. No person by the name of Shipley lived in Amelia nor in Rockingham at the time, according to the census.

Margaret Hank lived in Rockingham in 1782, and John Hank lived in Shenandoah county, Va.

Reuben and Rodney Hanks lived in Orange county, Va in 1803. They were father and son.

John LaRue was a resident of Hampshire county before emigrating to Kentucky. He was, I believe active in inducing some of his neighbors to emigrate to Kentucky, and settle near Hodgenville or Harrodsburg. It may have been that Joseph Hanks was one of those settlers.

In the state census taken of nearly half the counties in Virginia (and W. Va.) the name Hornback appears in the returns from Hampshire county only.

Curtis Chappelle



John W. Wayland, of Harrisonburg, Va., wrote Myra Hank Rudolph, of Warren, O., July 3, 1926, that he had recently examined the records at Romey, Hampshire Co., Va., where he was told that practically all the wills and marriage records were destroyed during the civil war. The deeds were found intact. He found a mortgage running from Joseph Hanks in 1784, to Peter Putman covering a piece of land on Mikes Run, a drain of Patterson's Creek, presumably in Mineral Co., Va., or possibly Grant Co. He could find no further record pertaining to the transaction. He says the census records of 1782 shows Joseph Hanks head of a family in Hampshire Co. Va. Hampshire was formed from Frederick in 1753. The following is a copy of the copy, the copy being furnished to me by Myra Hank Rudolph with letter of Aug. 13, 1926, and recopied by me Aug. 23, 1926. (A. E. Ewing, Grand Rapids, Michigan.)

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From Hampshire County, W. Va., Deed Book No. 6, pages 168, 169. Hanks to Putman Mortgage, March 9, 1784.

This Indenture made the ninth day of March in the year of Our Lord One thousand Seven hundred & Eighty four Between Joseph Hanks of the County of Hampshire in Virginia of the one part and Peter Putman of the same place of the Other part Witnesseth. That for and in consideration of the sum of Twenty one pounds Nine Shillings Current money of Virginia, to the said Joseph Hanks in hand paid by the said Peter Putman at or before the sealing and delivering of these presents, the receipt whereof is hereby Acknowledged, He the said Joseph Hanks Hath Granted, Bargained, Sold, Alienated and Confirmed and by these presents Doth Grant, Bargain & Sell, Alien & Confirm unto the said Peter Putman a Certain Piece or Parcel of Land lying and being on Mikes Run, a Drain of Pattersons Creek in the said County, being part of a Survey made for Peter Hartman, from and under whom the said Joseph Hanks hath Right, Containing by Estimation One hundred and eight Acres, for the Conveyance whereof the said Joseph Hanks hath George Terrys Bond; with the Appurtenances thereunto belonging, TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said Piece or Parcel of Land with the Appurtenances thereunto belonging, to him the said Peter Putman his heirs & assigns forever. To the only proper use and behoof of him the said Peter Putman his heirs and Assigns forever. PROVIDED Always and the true intent and meaning hereof is, that in Case the said Joseph Hanks his heirs Executors or Administrators shall well and truly pay, or Cause to be paid to the said Peter Putman, his heirs or Assigns the aforesaid sum of Twenty One pounds nine Shillings with legal Interest for the same from the date hereof, on or before the twenty fifth



of September Next ensuing and that without fraud or further delay. Then these presents and everything herein contained Shall Cease determine and become Utterly Void, anything herein Contained to the Contrary thereof in any wise Notwithstanding. And it is hereby Covenanted and agreed between the parties that after Default Shall be made in the performance of the proviso above mentioned, it Shall and may be lawful for the said Peter Putman giving Publick Notice thereof, to make Sale of the said Piece or Parcel of Land to the highest bidder, and out of the produce of such Sale to detain the aforesaid Sum of Twenty one pounds Nine Shillings & Interest, and is to pay the residue to the said Joseph Hanks, his heirs or Assigns, and the said Joseph Hanks doth hereby fully empower the said Peter Hartman and all others claiming by from or under to make such lawful Conveyance of the Land and Appurtenances aforesaid to the purchaser or purchasers as shall be necessary for assuring & Confirming the same to him or them, his or their heirs or Assigns forever. IN WITNESS whereof the parties to these presents have hereunto Set their hands & Seals the day and year first above mentioned. his

Joseph X Hanks (SS)  
mark

Sealed and Delivered in the  
presence of

Samuel Dew

Peter Putman (SS)

Philip Baker

Henry Neiff

At a court for Hampshire County the 9th day of November 1784 This Deed of Mortgage between Joseph Hanks of the one part and Peter Putman of the other part was proved in Solemn Form by Samuel Dew, Henry Neiff and Philip Baker Witnesses thereto & ordered to be recorded.

Test

And. Wodrow Cl. Cur.

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The copy from which this was made was copied June 30, 1926, at Romey, and typewritten at Harrisonburg July 3, 1926, by John W. Wayland.

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A. E. Ewing  
Grand Rapids, Mich.



COPY

Harrisonburg, Va., Sept. 23, 1925.

"Dear Mrs. Rudolph,

Yours valued letter of Sept. 18, is at hand. Several years ago I made a persistent effort to secure a roster of the "German Regiment" and was informed by our congressman in Washington that none was in existence, so far as known. The regiment included men from Augusta and West Augusta, as well as from several other counties; and there were Hanks in Augusta, (now Rockingham) in and around the region of Broadway and Brock's Gap at an early date. I hope that we may be able to get more definite particulars. With kindest regards and best wishes, I remain, Yours very truly, John W. Wayland."

Harrisonburg, Va., Nov. 16, 1925.

"Dear Mrs. Rudolph;

Thank you for your letter, enclosures, check, and order for Kercharel. The latter (book, 4th edition) will be mailed you from Strasburg just as soon as it is off the press, which will probably be in a month or two. Last Saturday, I happened to be in reach of Woodstock, the county seat of Shenandoah County, so I thought I'd see whether I could find anything there about the Hanks. My search was rewarded by the enclosed item which I am sure will interest you. You will observe that John Hank in 1792, sold out his real estate in Shen. Co. It is possible that he then came to Rockingham, or moved west. Yours very truly, John W. Wayland."

Enclosure: "May 19, 1792. John Hank and Catherine his wife of the County of Shenandoah & State of Va. for 200 pounds current money of Va. sold to Frederick Heiskill two tracts of land on Stony Creek in the county aforesaid, both of which tracts are part of a large tract of 450 acres which was formerly granted by deed from Lord Fairfax, date of July 10, 1773 to Henry Denny and by him conveyed to Michael Tanner and Peter Halvey May 17, 1783, and then conveyed to Mitchel Reed, Feb. 25, 1784, who conveyed one of the said tracts to the said John Hank by deed of April 26, 1784. This tract adjoined Downey and John Valentine Bealer--60 acres. The other tract conveyed by Mitchel Reed to John Shenk, July 27, 1784, and by him to John Hank Sept. 30, 1784. The latter tract covered on the "bank of the said Creek at the great Road", containing 8 acres. Witnesses to the said deed: Septimus Taylor, John Anderson, (Charles Vivian) Charles Devion(?), John Geyer, Frederick Fultz, William Bell, John Croundstooft (Grandstaff?). See Shen. Co. Deed Book H. page 402-404.

John Hank and Catherine Hank both signed their own names, according to the record.

The above land was probably near Edinburg, Shenandoah Co. Va."



Harrisonburg, Va., Nov. 27, 1925.

"Dear Mrs. Rudolph:

The signature of John Hank, in Shenandoah County deed book, does not show any indication that he was an old man, though it may not be his own signature; but probably is. I send you the following additional items: In the census of Shenandoah County for 1785, John Hank is listed as head of a family, with 6 in family besides himself; with one dwelling house and 4 other buildings. Evidently from the other names associated with his, he lived in the vicinity of Edinburg. In the census of 1784, Rockingham County, Margaret Hank is listed as head of a family with 4 in family besides herself, with one dwelling house. The list in which her name appears was taken by Anthony Rader, who probably lived near Timberville or Broadway; and the other names indicate that he took the census of his home neighborhood, as was the custom. Most of the names are located in and around Timberville, Broadway, Brock's Gap, etc. In the census of 1782, Hampshire Co. Va., now W. Va., Joseph Hanks is listed as head of family of 11, besides himself. Hampshire Co. was taken from Frederick in 1753, and it adjoins Frederick and Shenandoah on the N.W. Dunmore Co. was carved out of Frederick in 1772, and in 1777, the name was changed from Dunmore to Shenandoah. Hampshire was carved out of Frederick in 1753. Rockingham was carved out of Augusta in 1777, though courts were not opened until 1778. It is not likely that my history of Shenandoah will help you on the Hanks directly; for John Hank is the only one of the name I have so far found in the county. It might help you indirectly. For example, there have been and still are a number of Berrys in Shenandoah, especially that part that became Page in 1831. I have not read all of Barton's book on Lincoln--cannot speak of its reliability. I suppose he has done a good piece of work, but I would have more confidence in it if Barton were not quite so sure of himself. Yours, John W. Wayland"

Harrisonburg, Va., Dec. 7, 1925.

"Dear Mrs. Rudolph:

I thank you for your good letter of Dec. 1. I got it from the office as I was starting for Woodstock again; and while in the clerk's office I found two more deeds in which John Hank of Shenandoah Co. was a party. See abstracts enclosed. Am also adding a brief note of the sale which I reported to you not long ago. It seems very probable that this was John Hank, Jr., and that the head of family in Rockingham at the same time (Margaret) was his mother, widow of John Sr. Only names of heads of families are given in the census lists to which I referred. With kindest regards and best wishes, I remain, Yours very truly, John W. Wayland."

1784, Sept. 30-

John Shenk and Elizabeth, his wife, for 45 pounds money, sell 8 acres to John Hank of Shen. Co., on Stoney Creek and the "Great Wagon Road", part of a tract of 450 acres which was formerly granted by Fairfax, July 10, 1777, to Henry Denny, by him deeded to Michael Tanner & Peter Halvey (May 17, 1783); by them to Mitchel Reed (Feb. 25, 26, 1784). Mitchel Reed conveyed 8 acres thereof to John Shenk and he conveys to John Hank (Sept. 30, 1784). See Shen. Co. Deed Book D. pages 443-445.

1784, April 26--

Mitchel Reed & Frances his wife, for 25 pounds Va. money, sell to John Hank of Shen. Co. Va., 60 acres on Stoney Creek, part of 450 acres, &c (See above). See Shen. Co. Deed Book E. pages 39-41

1792. May 19--

John Hank and Catherine his wife, of Shen Co. Va., for 200 pounds Va. money, sell to Frederick Heiskel (Heiskell) two certain tracts, one of 60 acres, one of 8 acres (see above). See Shen. Co. Deed Book H. pages 402-404."



Richmond Co. Va.

1094  
17:99

George Hanks to Suke Hanks.

This Indenture made this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of October one thousand seven hundred and ninety four, Between George Hanks of the County of Woodford and State of Kentucky of the one part and Suke Hanks of Richmond County and State of Virginia of the other part - for £ 25 current money from Suke Hanks - parcel of land - county of Richmond 105 acres bounded - beginning at a black oak near a pond of water on the main road, which tree is a corner tree to a piece of land, which Mr. Rawleigh Chinn of the County of Lancaster bought of Richard Ellett along Rolling Road by a line of marked trees to the land which Dr. Nicholas Flood bought of Captain William Glascock thence along the said road opposite to the head of a branch thence down the said branch to the vicery swamp, thence down the said swamp to the line of Dominiak Benchar, thence along the said Benchar's line to the first beginning - it being the land formerly belonging to Turner Hanks dec'd for and in consideration as aforesaid, etc.

Richard Nash - Samuel Dew  
Spencer - Braman - James Stott  
George Hanks  
(Seal)

George - Turner - Suke - Wm Hanks  
Turner was cousin of Joseph (John - Wm)  
L. W. W.

Geo. son of  
Turner.  
was b.  
1769.

Suke son  
of Turner  
was b. 1771  
(see chart)

I wonder  
if Turner's  
mother "Eliza-  
beth" wife  
of Suke was  
not a Turner?

Turner Hanks  
had a son  
Rawleigh.

The Chinn  
+ Mitcheles  
intermarried  
also, in Md.  
the Chinn  
and Shipley

Note the  
rather un-  
usual name  
of "Glascock"  
which after-  
wards appears  
in Ky.



1764 Dr. The Estate of William Lee Dec.  
 To 1/2 Gallons Rum for app<sup>r</sup>. and Sale --- 0-9-0  
 To a Cryer for crying the Goods --- 0-5-0  
 To the Sheriff for Lays & Taxes --- 108-8 --- 0-12-0  
 To Secretarys Note ---  $\frac{36}{144} - 2$  --- 1-4-0  
 To Joseph Hanks for his Legacy bequeathed  
 his Wife by Elizabeth Taylor dead. --- 2-2-6  
 To Thomas Hanks the Same --- 9-11-9  
 To Sarah Lee the Same --- 2-7-0  
 To Richard Lee the Same --- 0-4-0  
 To James Sanford for making a Coffin --- 0-15-0  
 To William Glascock for Ballance --- 16-0-2  
 33-10-5

P<sup>r</sup> Contra --- 6<sup>r</sup>.

1764 By amo<sup>t</sup>. The Estate sold --- 33-10-5

E. L. J. Glascock adm<sup>r</sup>. ---

3 April - 1769

Recorded among the Records  
 of Richmond County

Test Le Roy Peachey D.C.R.C.

State of Virginia:

County of Richmond, to-wit: -

J. E. Carter Delano, Deputy Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county aforesaid, in the state of Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing copy of the account of the Estate of William Lee, Decd., by J. Glascock, Admr., dated 3<sup>rd</sup> April, 1769, is a true copy from the Records of my said Court, and copied from Account Book No. 1, at page 547.

I further certify that the foregoing copy was made for Mrs. Charles F. White of 230 Warren Street, Brookline, Mass.

Given under my hand and the Seal of my said Court, this 30<sup>th</sup> day of January, 1929.

- J. Carter Delano, Deputy Clerk,  
Circuit Court Richmond County,  
Virginia

April 3, 1769:

The Estate of W<sup>m</sup> Lee,  
decd. (By his Adm<sup>r</sup> -  
J. Glascock)

Copy

The original Account of Estate  
of W<sup>m</sup> Lee, decd. is Recorded  
in Account Book No. 1, at  
page 547, Clerk's Office,  
of Richmond County, Va.

Copy by  
E. Carter Belano, Jr.  
January 30<sup>th</sup> 1929



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